



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/656,643	09/05/2003	Geoffrey Alan Williames	P15650	8108	
7590 04/20/2004		EXAMINER			
JOHN K. McCULLOCH IST FLOOR			GELLNER, JEFFREY L		
5291 COLONY DRIVE NORTH			. ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAGINAW, M	1I 48603		3643		
			DATE MAILED: 04/20/200	DATE MAILED: 04/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		N/
	Applicati n No.	Applicant(s)
Offic Action Summary	10/656,643	WILLIAMES, GEOFFREY ALAN
Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
TI MAN INO DATE CHI	Jeffrey L. Gellner	3643
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the c ver she t with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was provided to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 M 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disp sition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 2 and 7-12 is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1, 3-6 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	ndrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4 Dec. 2003.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Invention I - seedling tray- and Species A - Figs. 1-7 - in the paper received 19 March 2004 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the nursery tray and its method of making are similar, the election takes into account both product and method, and it is not apparent to applicant how the tray could be produced by the method described by examiner (Response page 1st para.). This is not found persuasive because:

As to the first argument, the tray and method of making the tray differ in inventive concept leading to different search areas. The increased searching would be a burden on the Examiner.

As to the second argument, Examiner can readily perceive of taking a tray assembly (such as by Ingerstedt et al. (US 3,938,281)) and annealing seedling pots (previously made) in the cutouts.

As to the third argument, the restriction/election requirement is in two parts. The first is the restriction which requirement which is based on the claims. Upon election of an invention, in the instant case Invention I, applicant was further required to elect among species (which are embodiments) defined by the figures (see MPEP 808.01(a) and 809.02(a)). In the instant case, the figures are not considered to show a method. In addition, not all figures were included in the election requirement because the elements in some figures were considered not claimed and not all the figures disclosed patently distinct embodiments.

Application/Control Number: 10/656,643 Page 3

Art Unit: 3643

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL. Claims 2 and 7-12 are withdrawn from examination as it is drawn to the nonelected species.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1, 3, and 4 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1,3, and 4 of U.S. Patent No. 6,651,384 B1. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both sets of claims are drawn to a nursery tray formed from a sheet of polymer material having thicker and thinner zones, spaced apart indexing apertures in the thicker zone, and a plurality of rows of cells. The dependent claims disclose similar limitations.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Nicholson (US 5,274,953; document F on Applicant's 1449).

As to Claim 1, Nicholson discloses a nursery tray (Figs. 1 and 2) formed from a sheet of polymer material ("plastic seedling tray" of col. 2 lines 20-25) having spaced thicker and thinner defined zones (thicker is region around 18 in Fig. 2 and thinner is region, for example, around 12 in Fig. 2), each of the thicker zones having an upper surface (Figs. 1 and 2), the nursery tray having at least two rows of aligned, spaced apart indexing apertures (22 of Figs. 1 and 2) formed in the thicker zones of the sheet, and a plurality of rows spaced apart open top cells (11 of Figs. 1 and 2) located between the rows of indexing apertures, the cells adapted to be filled with growing medium for plants (abstract), the open tops of the cells and the upper surface of the thicker zones having the indexing aperture being substantially coplanar (that is, the tops of cells of Fig. 2 and the end of the flange (above the leadline of 18) in Fig. 2 are coplanar).

As to Claim 5, Nicholson further discloses peripheral flanges (18 of Fig. 2) at opposite edges, each with indexing apertures, each flange with a depending stiffening flange (region of flange 18 in Fig. 2 that is below 22).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC §103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholson (US 5,274,953; document F on Applicant's 1449) in view of Kuben (DE 4420189 C1).

As to Claim 3, the limitations of Claim 1 are disclosed as described above. Not disclosed are stiffing ribs between some of the cells, the stiffening ribs extending laterally relative to the rows of indexing apertures. Kuben, however, discloses stiffening ribs (26 of Fig. 9) between cells, the stiffening ribs extending laterally relative to the rows of indexing apertures (ribs 26 at the left and right ends on tray in Fig. 9 extend laterally). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the tray of Nicholson by adding stiffening ribs as disclosed by Kuben so as to direct water flow to the plants.

As to Claim 4, Nicholson as modified by Kuben further disclose bridging material between cells (region between cells in Figs. 1 and 2 of Nicholson or between cells in Figs. 6, 9, 10 of Kuben), the stiffening ribs comprising upwardly open grooves (32 of Fig. 6) located the bridging material without communicating with the cells.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Nicholson (US 5,274,953; document F on Applicant's 1449) in view of Bohlmann (US 5,022,183; document D on Applicant's 1449).

As to Claim 6, the limitations of Claim 1 are disclosed as described above. Not disclosed is the cells vacuum formed in the thinner zone. Bohlmann, however, discloses a tray with cells vacuum formed (col. 2 lines 45-46) which in the sheet of Nicholson would be the thinner zone. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to

Art Unit: 3643

modify the tray of Nicholson by making the cells by vacuum forming so as to use an inexpensive and easily used method of production.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kuznetsov et al. disclose in the prior art a tray with ribs. Williames ("996) disclose other trays by the instant inventor. Williames ('210 A1) is the instant application's pre-grant publication.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Jeffrey L. Gellner whose phone number is 703.305.0053. The Examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 8:30 am to 4:00 pm. The Examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's Supervisor, Peter Poon, can be reached at 703.308.2574. The official fax telephone number for the Technology Center where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703.872.9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703.308.1113.

Jeffrey L. Gellner